

~~TOP SECRET~~

ED

8 November 1955

Copy No. 100

25X1

25X1

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

DOCUMENT NO. 58  
NO CHANGE IN CLASS. ☒  
☐ DECLASSIFIED  
CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S C  
NEXT REVIEW DATE: 2010  
AUTH: HR 70-2  
DATE: 16 JAN 1980 REVIEWER:

25X1

25X1

Office of Current Intelligence

25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

State Department review completed

~~TOP SECRET~~

25X1

Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002200580001-3

Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002200580001-3

## CONTENTS

1. ANNIVERSARY SPEECHES IN MOSCOW (page 3).
2. USSR SEEKING INVITATION TO NEXT ASIAN-AFRICAN  
CONFERENCE (page 4).
3. AFGHANISTAN REQUESTS AMERICAN TRUCKS BE  
IMPORTED VIA THE USSR (page 5).
4. AFGHANISTAN TO CONVENE GRAND TRIBAL ASSEMBLY  
(page 6).

\* \* \* \*

## THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION (page 7)

8 Nov 55

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 2

## 1. ANNIVERSARY SPEECHES IN MOSCOW

25X1A

[REDACTED]

The speeches of presidium member L. M. Kaganovich and Defense Minister Zhukov at the anniversary celebrations of the Bolshevik Revolution were, for the most part, routine recapitulations of earlier pronouncements. No particular significance can be attached to the choice of Kaganovich, a first deputy premier and chairman of the state committee for wages and labor, to deliver the major address, since this honor has been rotated among members of the presidium since 1947.

Kaganovich, however, probably indicated the major goals for the forthcoming sixth Five-Year Plan in stressing the need to increase labor productivity and introduce advanced technology.

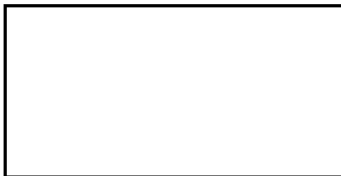
The portion of Kaganovich's speech devoted to foreign affairs listed a series of recent Soviet moves designed to ease international tension and emphasized the prime importance of European security. Kaganovich devoted particular attention to the USSR's good relations with the Bandung countries. The tone of the speech suggests that the Soviet leaders are satisfied with their current foreign policy line and contemplate no important shifts in it.

Zhukov's ten-minute oration was confined mainly to generalities on the Soviet Union's love of peace, but also warned "reactionary elements" that the USSR is continually becoming stronger. [REDACTED]

25X1A

## 2. USSR SEEKING INVITATION TO NEXT ASIAN-AFRICAN CONFERENCE

25X1



[redacted] believes that the USSR will be invited to participate in a second Asian-African conference, which he understands will

25X1

be held in Cairo in the spring of 1956, [redacted]

25X1

[redacted] Khrushchev and Bulganin reportedly will visit Cairo to discuss this matter with Egyptian premier Nasr as well as to arrange a large-scale Soviet-Egyptian trade agreement. [redacted]

25X1

### Comment

There is no doubt that the Soviet Union would accept an invitation to attend an Asian-African conference. Burmese premier Nu's hospitable remark in Moscow that he hoped the USSR would participate in the next conference may place the Colombo powers (India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Burma and Indonesia), who are responsible for issuing invitations, in an embarrassing position. India and possibly Indonesia would probably support Nu, while Pakistan and Ceylon would be strongly opposed to inviting the Soviet Union. Moreover, several other pro-Western countries that attended the Bandung meeting are unlikely to attend another in company with the USSR unless Australia and New Zealand, if not the United States, are also asked to participate.

25X1A

**3. AFGHANISTAN REQUESTS AMERICAN TRUCKS BE IMPORTED VIA THE USSR**

25X1A

The Afghan government has requested that future imports of American trucks be shipped via the USSR, [REDACTED]

25X1

[REDACTED] ship-  
ment costs and terms provided by the official Afghan Transit Company "compare favorably" with those for shipment through Pakistan.

25X1

The American embassy in Kabul comments that if American trucks are barred from the Afghan market as a result of refusal to ship through the USSR, the Soviet Union will probably fill the gap.

**Comment**

The Afghan request indicates that Kabul plans to reduce its dependence on Pakistan by making maximum use of the transit rights it obtained under the agreement of last June with the USSR.

Requests that other articles of Afghan-American trade also be routed through the USSR are likely to follow. (Concurred in by ORR)

25X1A

#### 4. AFGHANISTAN TO CONVENE GRAND TRIBAL ASSEMBLY

25X1A

The calling by Afghan king Zahir Shah of a Grand Assembly of the Tribes (Loe Jirgah) to discuss the Pushtoonistan issue on 14 November indicates a major policy decision is pending in Kabul. The last two such assemblies were called in 1930 to approve Zahir's father as king and in 1941 to affirm Afghanistan's policy of neutrality in World War II.

Unlike the "rubber-stamp" parliament, the tribal assembly cannot be completely controlled by Prime Minister Daud. Influential elements in Afghanistan still oppose Daud's anti-Pakistani and pro-Soviet policy and may attempt to act against him when the assembly of tribesmen meets.

Daud will probably attempt to limit discussion to the Pushtoonistan issue, which has recently caused a worsening of Afghan-Pakistani relations. The assembly is likely to support Daud on the Pushtoonistan issue as such.

Discussion of Pushtoonistan in the tribal assembly will probably include consideration of continued tension with Pakistan, the risk of reimposition of the Pakistani blockade, and consequently the basic question of Afghanistan's relations with the USSR. The assembly would be wary of endorsing closer relations with the Soviet Union. Unless Daud is rebuked by the tribal assembly for his Soviet policy, the trend toward close relations with the USSR will probably continue.

25X1A

Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002200580001-3

THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION  
(Information as of 1700, 7 November)

25X1A

25X1A

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]  
No significant military action has occurred on the Israeli-Arab borders in the last 24 hours. The parties appear to be concentrating on their usual post-crisis activity--submitting detailed complaints to the UN truce authorities. [REDACTED]

25X1A

A 5 November TASS dispatch from Moscow lays the blame for the recent incidents on the Israelis who, it is alleged, are carrying out the wishes of "Western circles which are trying to stir up trouble between Israel and the Arab states." [REDACTED]

25X1A

The ratification by the Syrian parliament of a Syrian-Egyptian mutual defense agreement, although of little immediate military significance, will almost certainly be cited by the Israelis as an additional threat to their position. A Syrian-Egyptian joint planning group appears to be envisaged, and four Syrian officers reportedly will go to Cairo on 10 November to participate in it. [REDACTED]

25X1

25X1

Even though Egyptian prime minister Nasr reportedly has turned down a Soviet offer on the Nile high dam, representatives of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development have concluded from their talks with Egyptian officials that Egypt will not accept any other offer until the Egyptian finance minister has visited Washington and after further talks with the IBRD. It seems

25X1A

Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002200580001-3

doubtful that Nasr's refusal of the Soviet offer will be final until he actually signs with some Western group such as the IBRD or the Anglo-French-German consortium.

25X1

